



SMRs: Tendências Internacionais

Miguel Sousa – Nuclear Safety Engineer



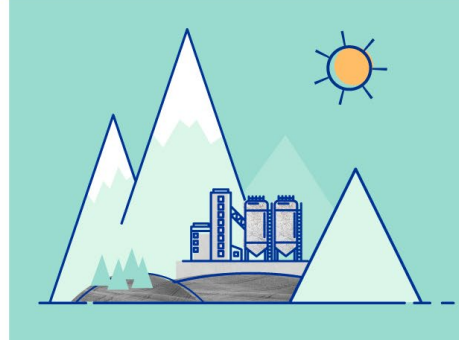
LARGE, CONVENTIONAL REACTOR
700+ MW(e)



SMALL MODULAR REACTOR
Up to 300 MW(e)



MICROREACTOR
Up to ~10 MW(e)

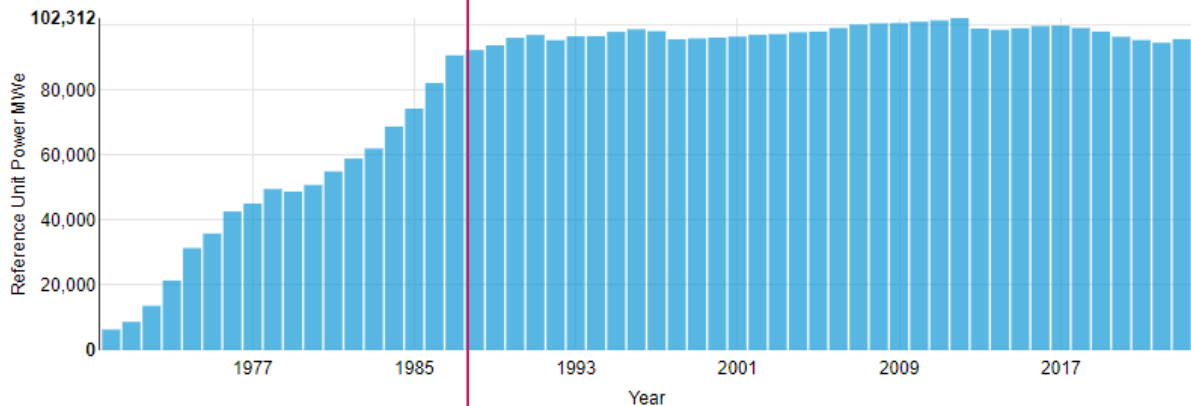


Porquê SMRs?

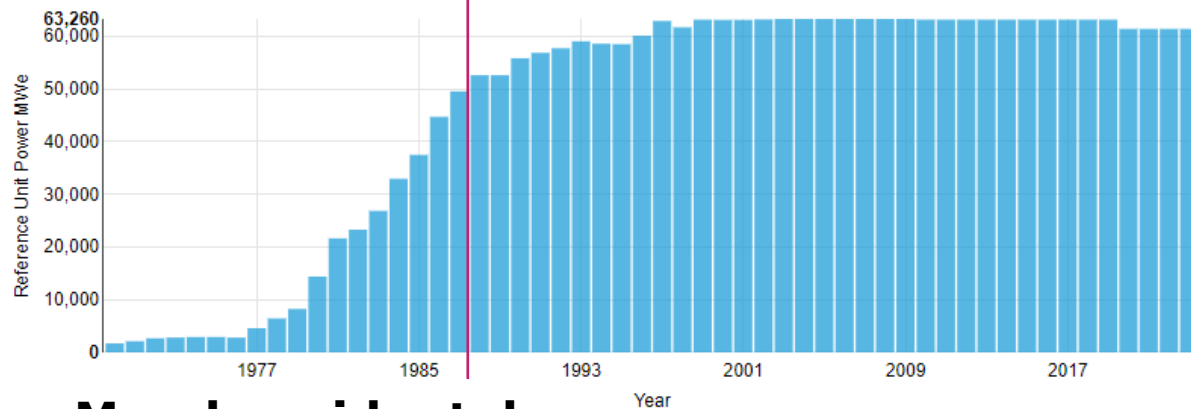


História do desenvolvimento nuclear

Operable nuclear power capacity



Operable nuclear power capacity

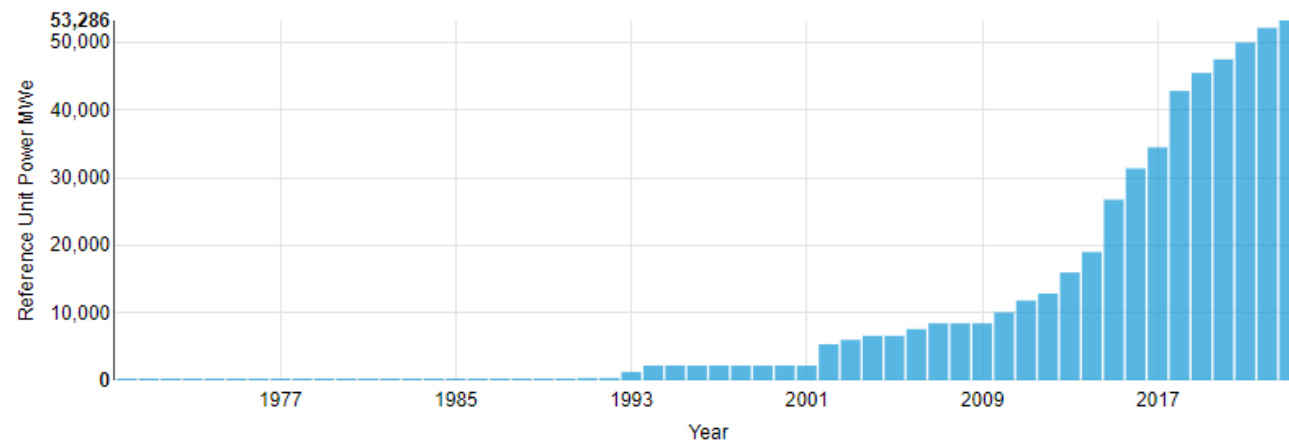


Mundo ocidental:

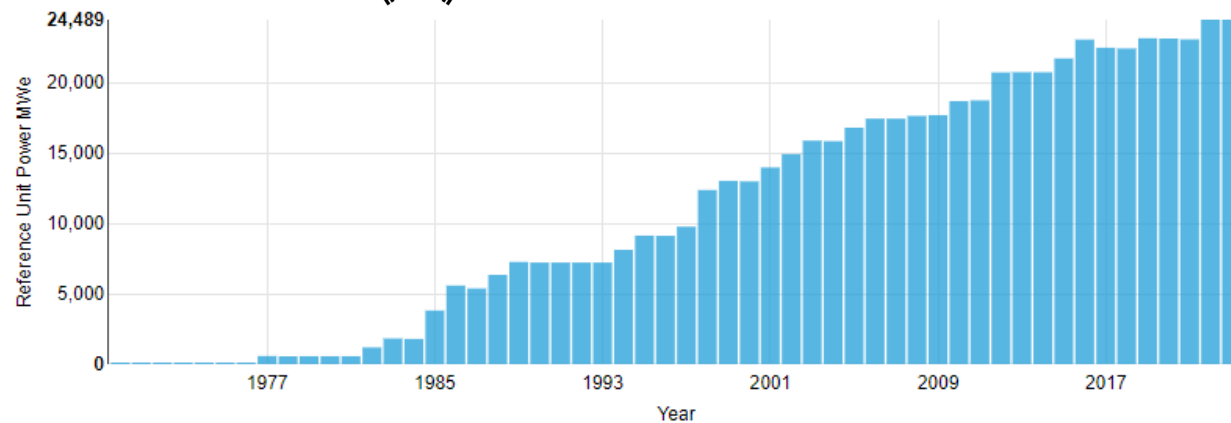
Sucesso entre 1960-1980, mas depois parou.
 Medo de Chernobyl, Three-Mile Island, Opposition.
 Aquecimento global não era preocupação
 Gás barato.

Perdeu experiência a construir (décadas!)

Operable nuclear power capacity



Operable nuclear power capacity



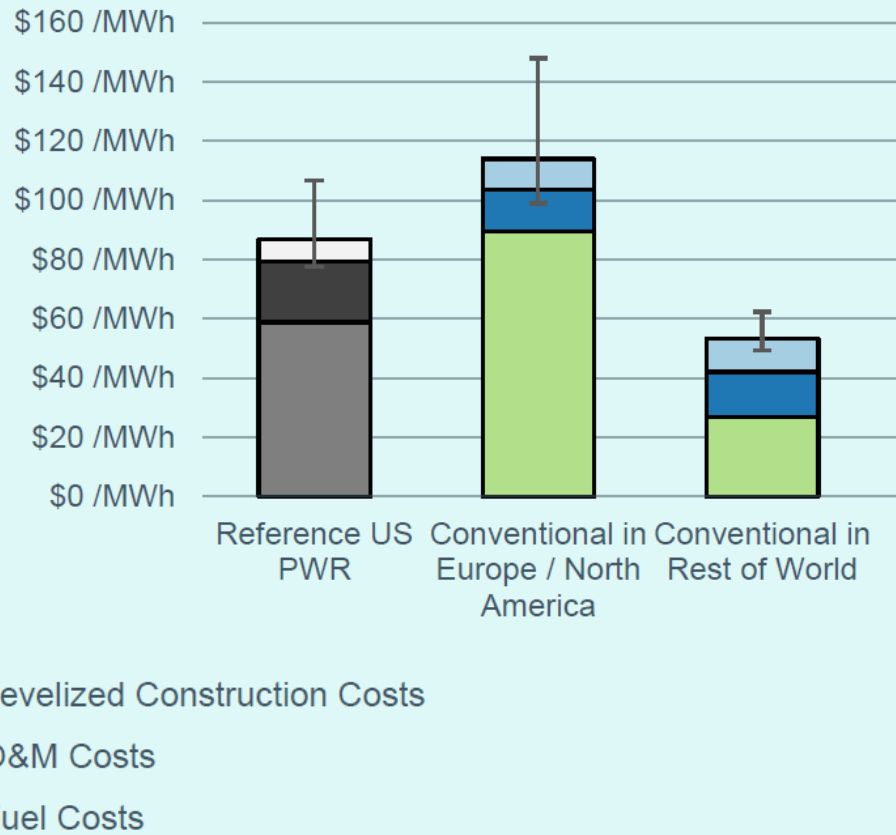
Mundo asiatico

Copiar sucesso do mundo ocidental
 Nunca parar de construir
 Desejo intenso por mais energia
 Gás não é solução tão viável

Ganhou experiência a construir (décadas!)

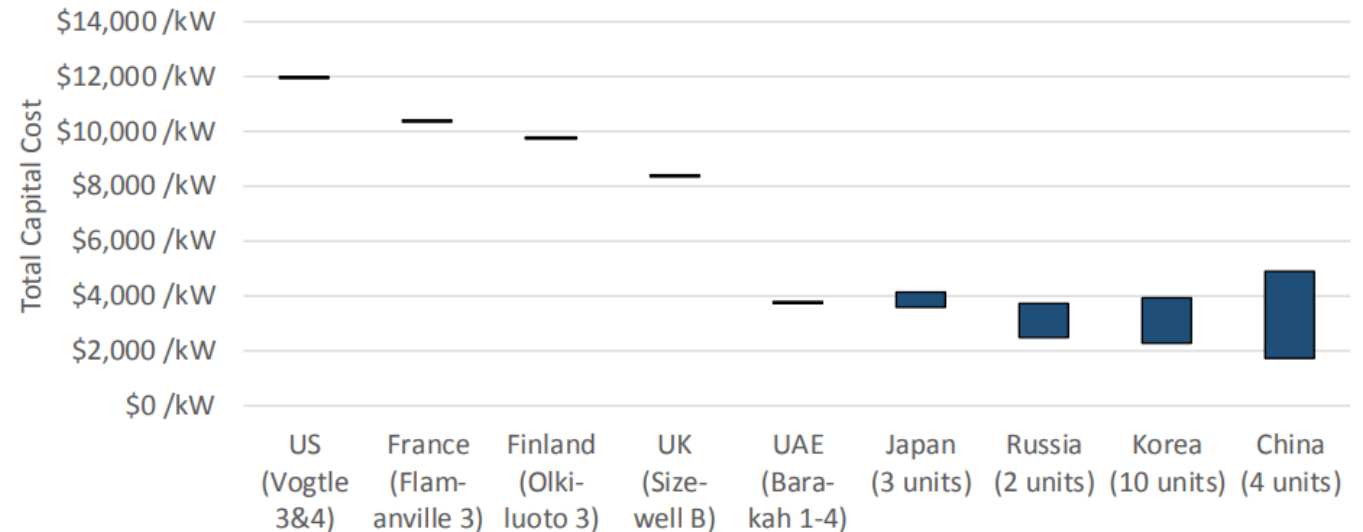
Custos Nucleares

Figure 19. Comparison of LCOE Costs Across All Genres



- Reactores de EU-NA **35% mais caros** que o previsto
- Resto do mundo a metade do custo, e nao se atrasam
- *Resto do mundo inclui Rússia, China, Japão, Coreia do Sul*

Figure 1. Total Capital Costs for Historical and Ongoing Nuclear Projects in Database



Custos Nucleares: CAPEX

Custo de um projeto nuclear

Figure 9. "Genre" Cost Comparison: Europe/North America and ROW Costs

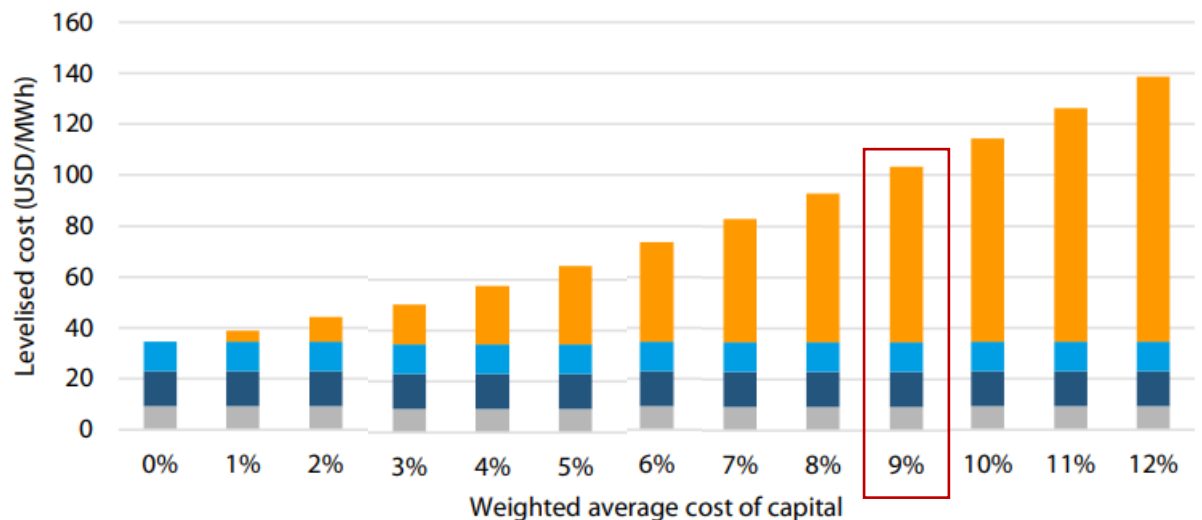


Pontos negativos de EU/USA

- Demasiados gastos indiretos
- Mão de obra pouco experiente
- Inexistência de supply-chain (incl/ consultorias)
- Pouca confiança financeira nos projetos

Custos Nucleares: Custo de Capital

Figure 37: LCOE of a new nuclear power plant project according to the cost of capital



WACC (nuclear, IEA) = 7-8%

Hinkley Point C (em 2018): WACC = 9%

Para o mesmo CAPEX:

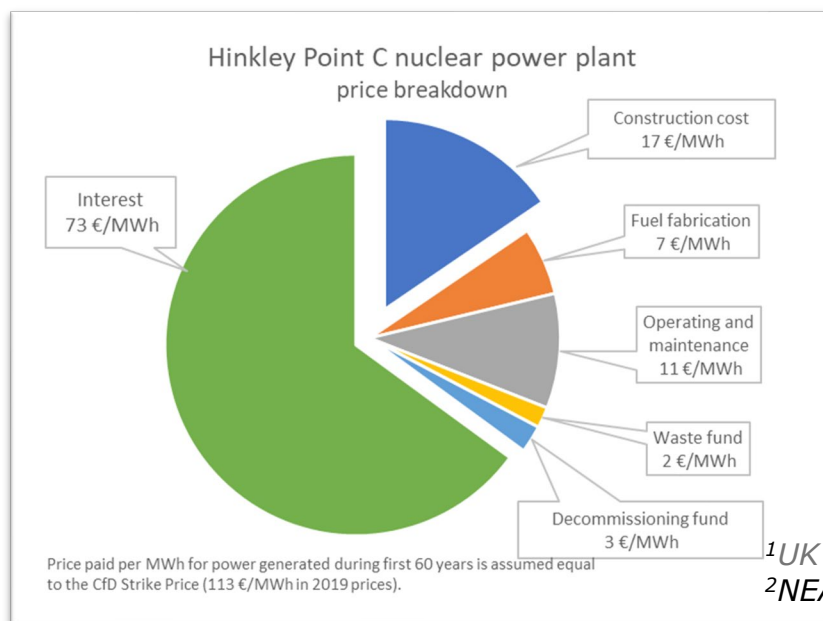
LCOE (WACC=7%): 81\$ / MWh

LCOE (WACC= 9%): 102\$ / MWh

Aumento de 25% no LCOE!

HPC (WACC= 9%): 121\$ / MWh

■ Fuel cycle costs ■ Operation & maintenance costs ■ Overnight construction costs ■ Cost of capital



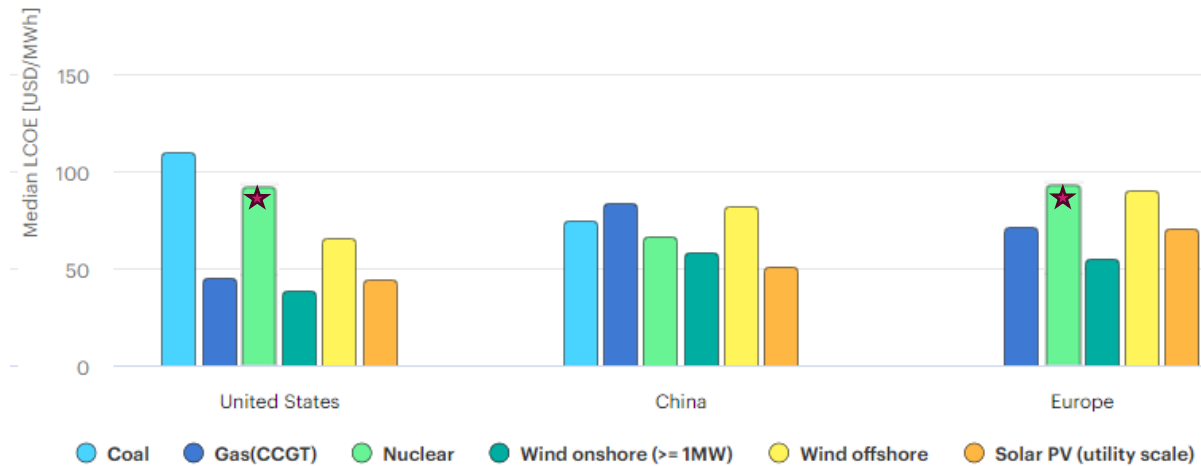
Custo de capital reflete economia no momento, **Mas tambem risco do projeto e maturidade da Industria.**

2007: "EDF irá ligar a sua primeira central nuclear na Inglaterra antes do Natal de 2017!" - Vincent de Rivaz, EDF's UK CEO

¹UK National Audit Office: Audit on HPC, 2019

²NEA: Unlocking Reductions in the Construction Costs of Nuclear: A Practical Guide for Stakeholders, 2020

E se WACC = 7%?



★ **Nuclear com WACC=9%**

EU e USA:

- 2.5%-5% solar+eolica
- 4%-7% eolica offshore
- **7%-9% nuclear!**

China tem WACC= 5.5% em VRE e nuclear!

Maturidade global das industrias.

Imaturidade da industria nuclear.

Falta de suporte constante.

Dificuldades em executar mega-projetos

Diferença nas plantas OECD vs ROW

Bruce Lee: "I fear not the man who has practiced 10,000 kicks once, but I fear the man who has practiced one kick 10,000 times."

É necessário não só repetir design, mas **repetir a maneira de como se entrega as centrais.** Repetição leva a perfeição! Back to the 60s and 80s!

Prioridades:

- 1. Supply-Chain**
2. Mao-de-obra
3. Governança e Desenvolvimento de Projetos
4. Construção
5. Contexto Político e Regulatório
6. Equipamento e Materiais
7. Design do Reator

Estabelecer uma indústria constante, não mega-projetos esporádicos em regimes diferentes

Table 9. Relative importance of cost drivers in dataset

Cost Driver	Relative Importance
Supply Chain	High
Labour	High
Project Governance and Project Development	High
Construction Execution	Med
Political and Regulatory Context	Med
Equipment and Materials	Med
Vendor Plant Design	Med
Operations	-

China restarts Taishan 1 after a year of repairs

18 August 2022

Tentou-se fazer isto com EPR, mas...

BANKING

NEW BUILD

Flamanville-3 / EDF Announces Further Delay And €500 Million Cost Overrun

Hinkley Point C delays raise 'big questions' about nuclear power, says RWE chief

Britain's flagship nuclear power station will not open until 2027 at the earliest

2007: "EDF irá ligar a sua primeira central nuclear na Inglaterra antes do Natal de 2017!" - Vincent de Rivaz, EDF's UK CEO

China restarts Taishan 1 after a year of repairs

BANKING



Finland's OL3 nuclear power plant again delays restart

Hinkley Point C delays raise doubts about nuclear power, says R

Britain's flagship nuclear power station will not open until 2027 at the earliest

BUILD

Flamanville-3 / EDF Announces Further Delay And €500 Million Cost Overrun

EPR foi bom na teoria. No entanto:

- 4 países, 4 designs diferentes
- Começou construção antes de design estar acabado
- Industria de construção nuclear a ganhar experiencia (e de repente, 4 projetos numa só vez)
- Mercado Europeu desfavorece múltiplos GW de nuclear num só país
- **Consequências**
- Confiança em nuclear reduzida
- Ideia "mal implementada". E se agora for bem implementada, não será tarde demais?
- **Mesmo que governo queira nuclear, é difícil dar apoio necessário.**

Sizewell C faces funding challenges as two pension funds back

out

Proposed Sizewell C nuclear plant seeks outside investment 19th SEP 2023

É preciso tornar o método de repetição mais fácil!

Tornar investimentos mais atrativos

- Reduzir custos iniciais, Reduzir tempo de entrega
- Aumentar previsibilidade de projetos
- Reduzir o quanto o governo tem de suportar

Arranjar maneira de construir vários em sequência, não esporádicos.

Repetir, Repetir, Repetir.

Muitos destes problemas estão associados mais a características de Mega-Projetos.
E é difícil repetir mega-projetos...

Mas nuclear não tem de ser mega-projeto....

Possível solução

Small

- Easier to invest
- Quicker to build
- More passive safety – easier to regulate

Modular

- Repetition of parts of the plant (like modules)
- A lot can be done in factories!

Reactor

- Nuclear!

Benefícios extra:

- Melhor implementação de nuclear noutras indústrias (e.g. industry heating)
- Menor investimento é mais atraente para novos países “experimentarem” nuclear

Possível solução

Small Modular Reactor

Não é nova tecnologia.

É um **Business Model**

Por agora, quanto mais estabelecido e menos inovador, melhor!

Problema nuclear é socio-económico, não técnico!

Reference Documents: IAEA & NEA

Advances in Small Modular Reactor Technology Developments

A Supplement to:
IAEA Advanced Reactors Information System (ARIS)
2020 Edition



The NEA Small Modular Reactor Dashboard

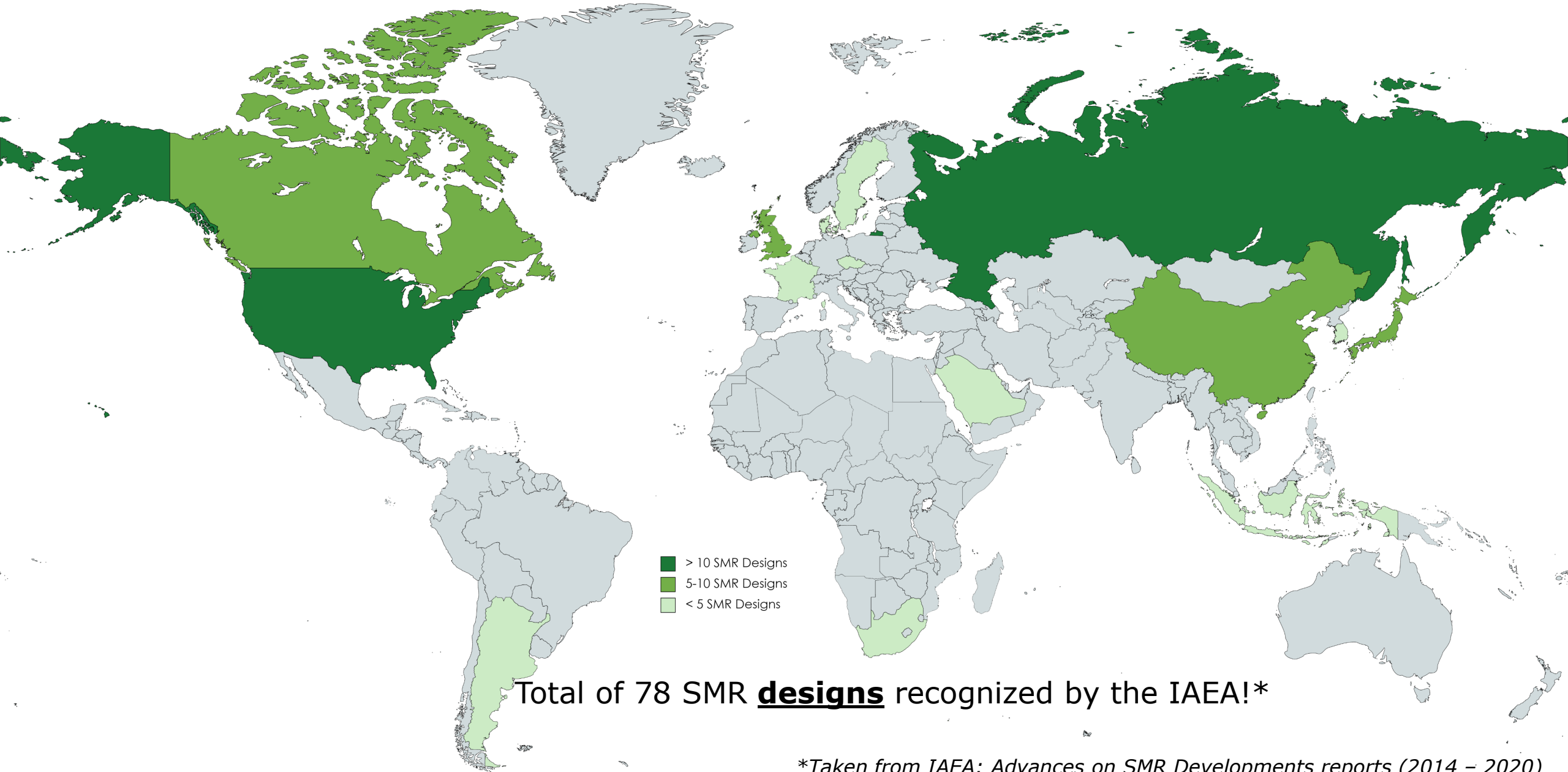


The NEA Small Modular Reactor Dashboard: Volume II



Each document provides more details on each SMR development.

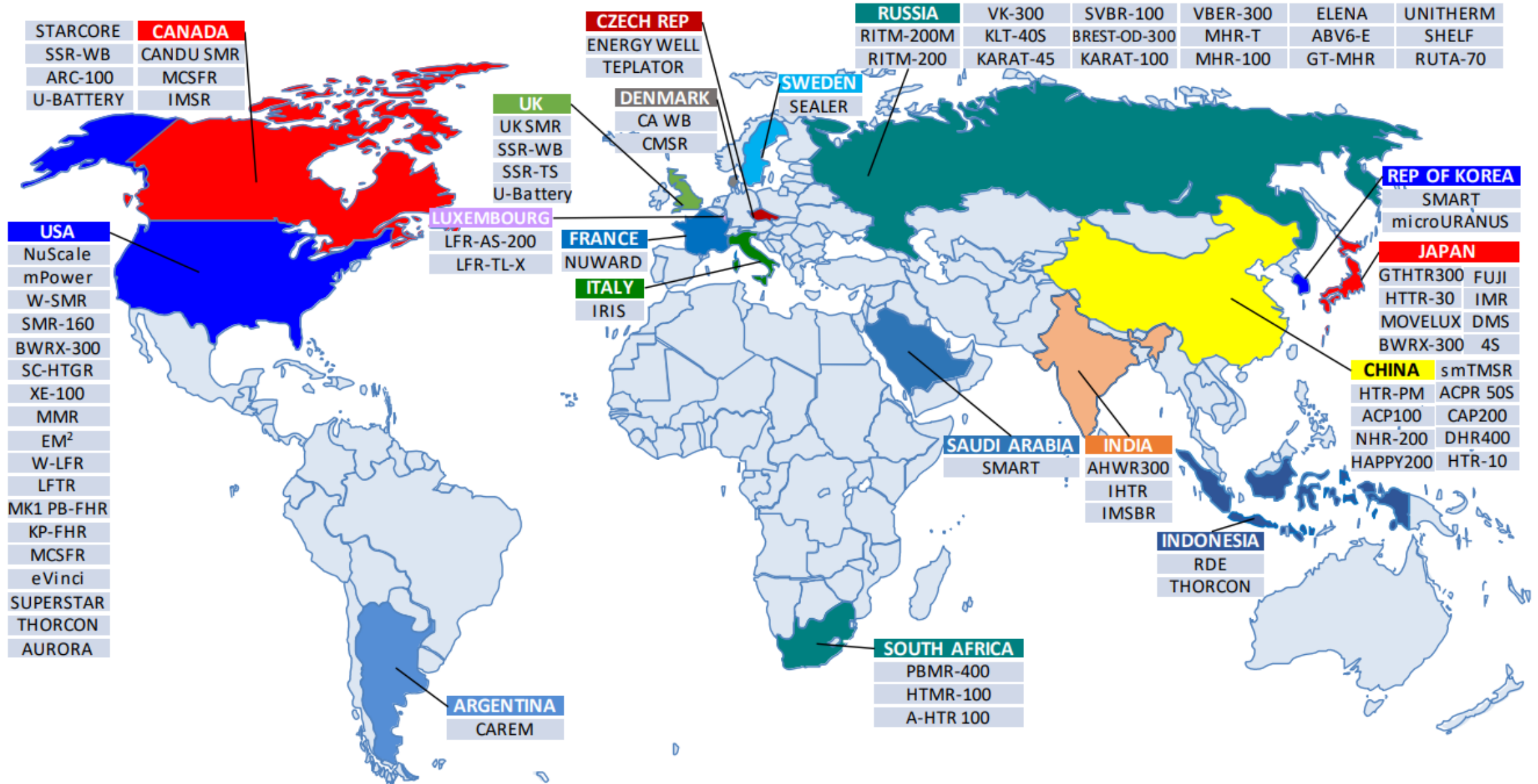
SMR Being Developed Worldwide



Total of 78 SMR **designs** recognized by the IAEA!*

*Taken from IAEA: *Advances on SMR Developments reports (2014 – 2020)*

SMR Status and Development Worldwide



*Taken from IAEA: Advances on SMR Developments reports (2014 – 2020)

USA – Water based Reactors



HITACHI

- BWRX-300 – 300MWe BWR
- SMR Vendor with the most experience
- Nothing new, but leading the way!

- **Status: Contracts with Canada, Eastern EU, Estonia,**



- VOYTGR - 77 MWe PWR,
scalable up to 12 units
- 1billion USA funding
- NSC design approved, factory started.
- Public company
- **Status: Looking to build (Poland, Romania, Czech Republic, Ukraine).**

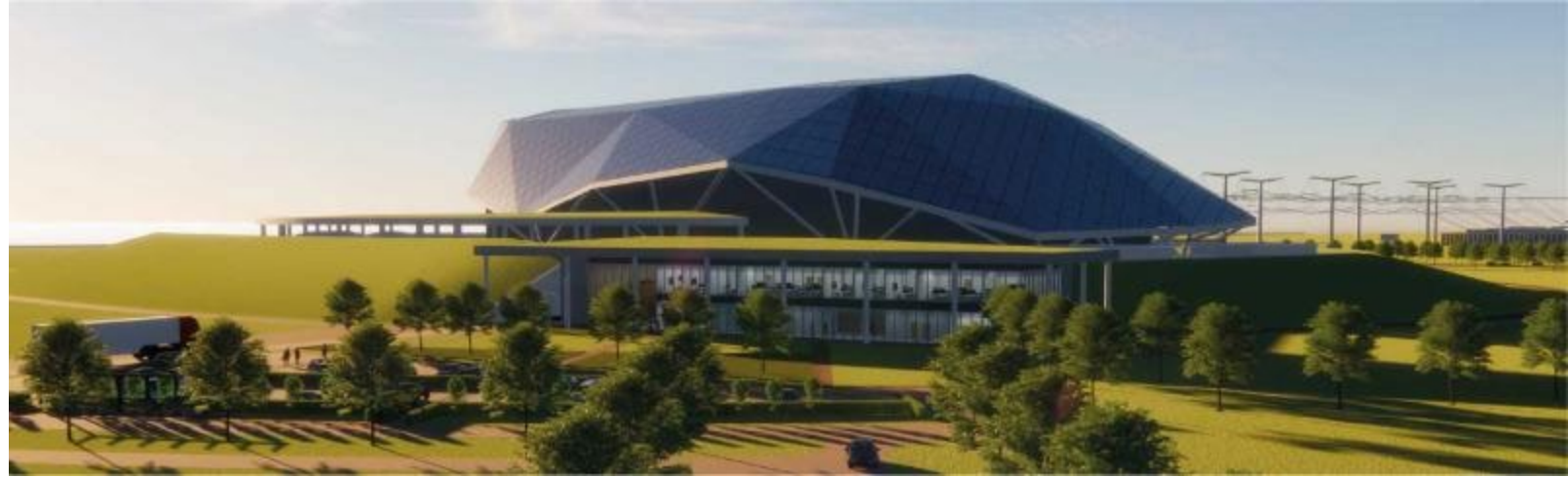
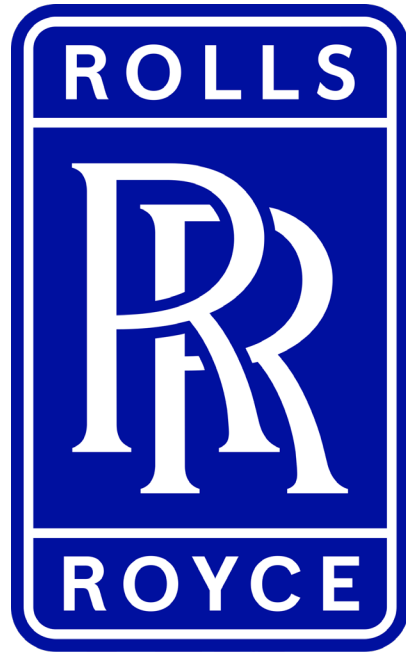


- Westinghouse SMR – AP300
- Scaled-down version of AP1000



- SMR-160
- 300MWe, air-cooled

UK

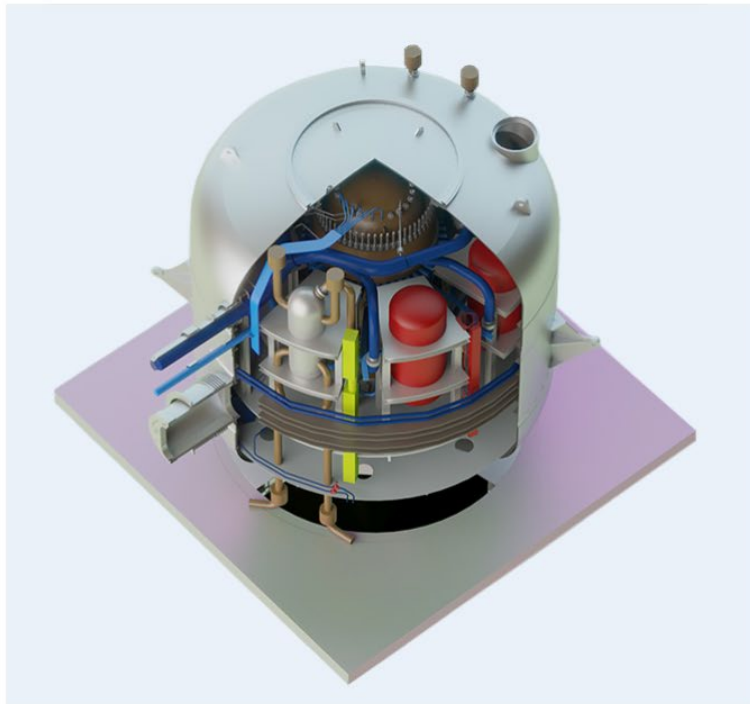


- Rolls-Royce "SMR" - 470 MWe PWR
- Main SMR of UK, had initial funding
- Entire Power Plant, not only reactor, on "island" platform!
- Very fabric focused
- **Status: Getting it licensed and built in the UK, while building connections internationally (Czech Republic, Estonia, Sweden, Netherlands,).**

France – Going big, small AND New



Key Milestones



Conceptual design + preparation to pre-licensing 2019-2022



Basic design + pre-licensing 2023-2025



Commercialisation as early as 2025



Detailed design + licensing 2025-2030



Safety options validated + First Concrete in France by 2030

- **340 Mwe (2x 170MWe) PWR, based on EDF experience.**

- **Standardisation, simplicity for mass-production**

- **Load follow, and adaptable for industrial use**

- **Aimed at replacing coal plants.**

- **European approach** to foster regulation harmonization and to promote partnerships for successful deployment of EU SMR technology (Joint Early Review (JER) of design by 3 regulators).

Reference Plant in France in 2030, **bolstered by 500M€ of financial support** to accelerate France's efforts to export its SMR model.



China



Multiplos investimentos!

- ACP100 – Multi-purpose PWR, 125MWe
- Based on previous PWR experience. More reactors being investigated.
- **Status: Construction on-going of Linglong One, for electricity, heating, steam production or seawater desalination**

Russia



ROSATOM

- ***Floating Nuclear Power Plant (PWRs)***

Innovate on already-known designs

ABV-6E: micro-reactor, 9MWe (Final design)

VBER-300: large reactor, 325MWe (Licensing)

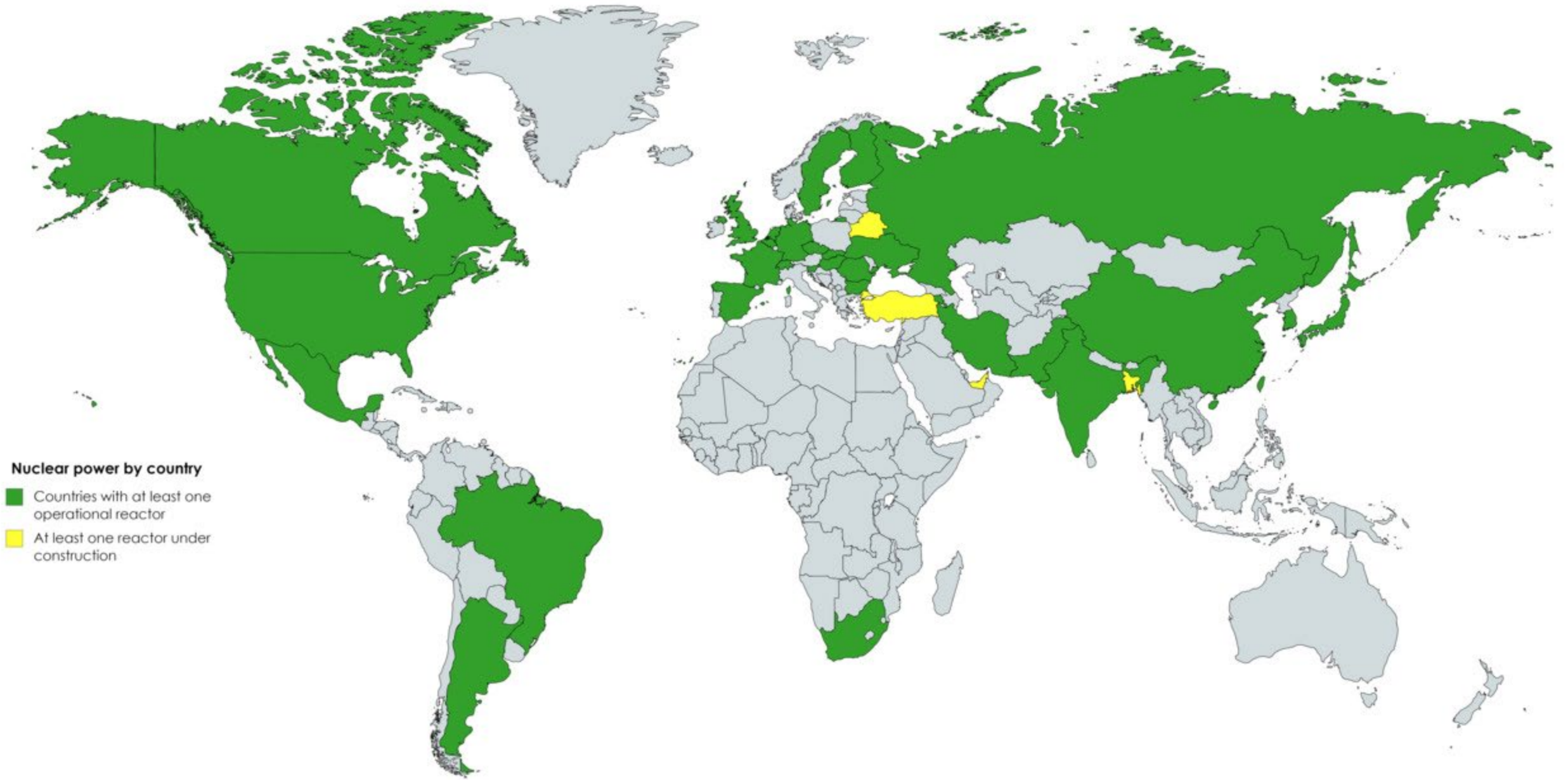
- ***Export Nuclear Power Plant***

A lot of reactors for export reasons

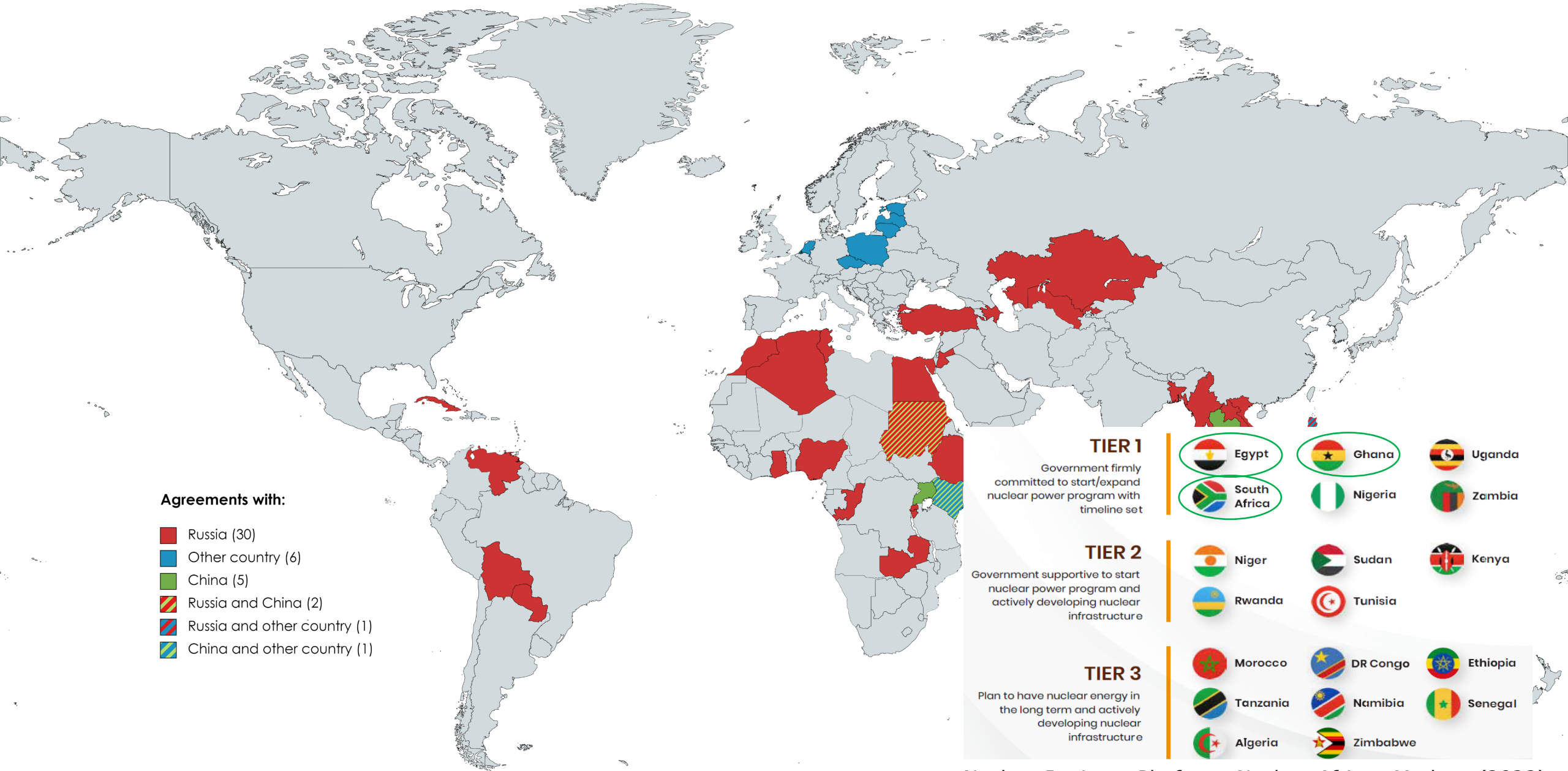
VK-300: BWR, 250MWe (detailed design)

RITM-200: iPWR, 2x50MWe (under development)

Nuclear Countries



Emerging Nuclear Countries



Tecnologias mais inovadoras - AMRs

Tipo de Reactor	High / Very High Temperature Gas Reactors	Molten-salt / Lead-cooled / Sodium-cooled Reactors
Diferença	Uso de gás como arrefecimento Uso de TRISO Fuel Potencial de usar Pebble-Bed Design	Uso de um material fundido como arrefecimento Potencial de misturar fuel com o sal (MSR)
Objetivo	Atingir T até 1000°C. Aplicações industriais difíceis de descarbonizar Se for Pebble-Bed, nunca ultrapassa 1600°C – impossível ter acidente nuclear.	Funcionar a pressões ambiente Produção flexível Possibilidade de serem Fast-Reactors (consumo de U238, Torium, e resíduos nuclear)

UK + Japan – Partnership to develop HTGR

FRANCE2030 → Objective 1: To bring out small, innovative nuclear reactors with better waste management in France. (1 BILLION euros).

China já demonstra um pouco de tudo

Rússia já tem vários demonstrados, comercialização em 2030

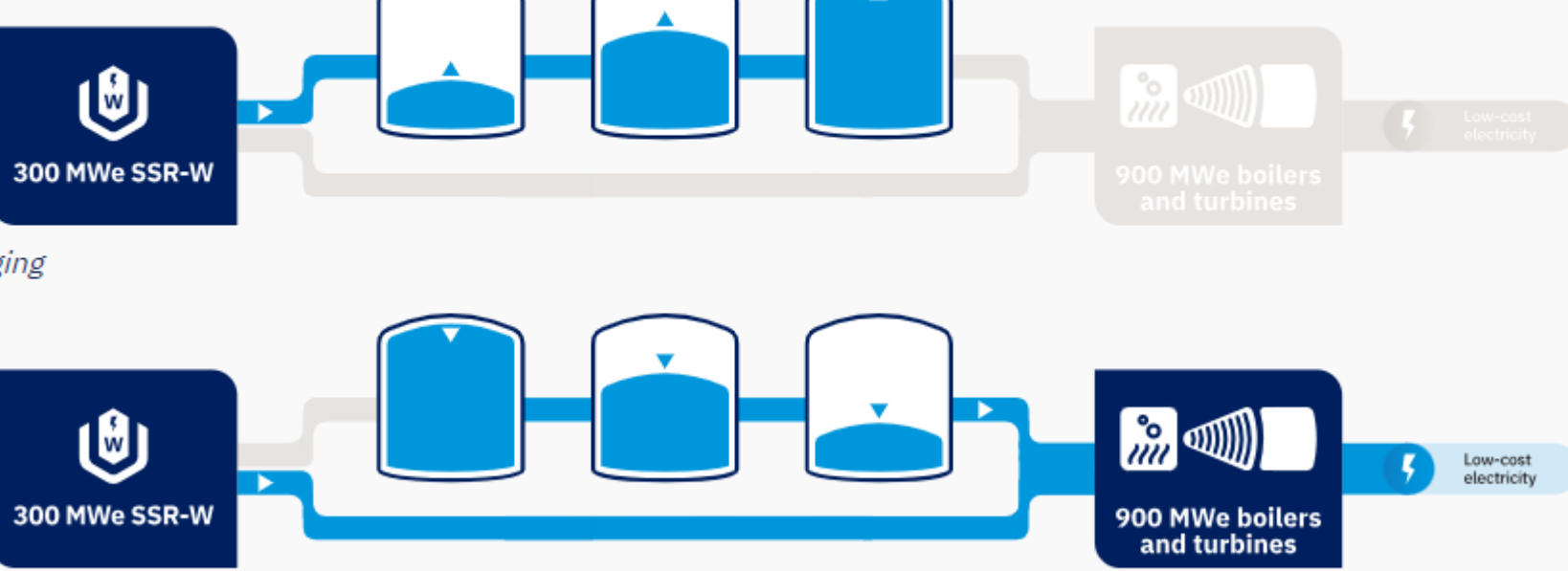
USA – HTGR/TRISO fuel Reactors



- Xe-100, HTGR 80MWe, TRISO-X particle fuel, scalable up to 4 units
- Completed basic design of the reactor
- Completed fabrication of its first TRISO (tristructural isotropic)
- **Status: Working to get NSC license, presence in the UK**



- MMR, HTGR, micro-reactor, 5MWe, TRISO particle fuel
- Completed basic design
- **Status: Plans to begin operations of Pilot Fuel Manufacturing**
- *(Also present in the UK AMR programme!)*



2 (VDR2) with CNSC License

use coal furnaces directly with nuclear!



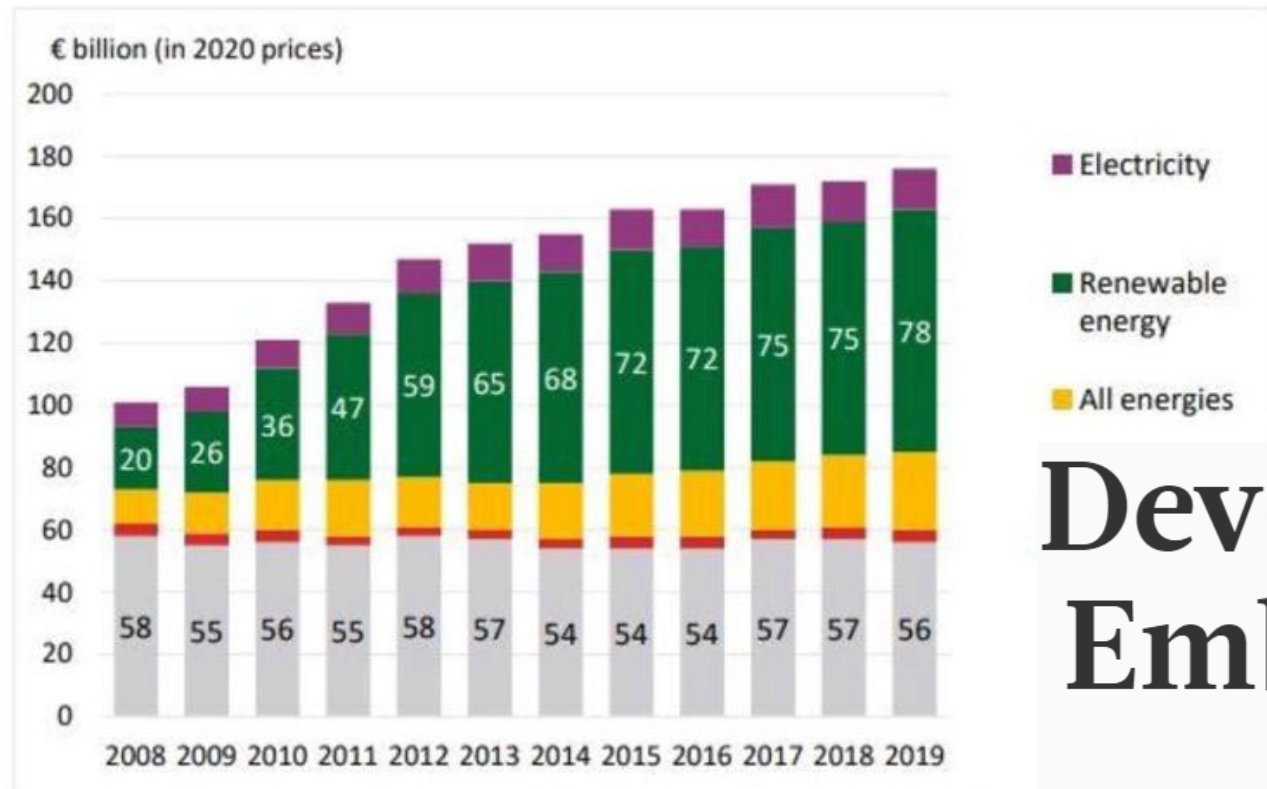
- 300 MWe Stable Salt Reactor – Wasteburner (**SSR-W**)
- Uses nuclear waste as fuel
- Use of *GridReserve* (salt storage) allows flexibility
- No pumps (only small impellers in the secondary salt bath)

Status: In VDR2 with CNSC.

- 100 MWe Sodium Coolant Salt Reactor – Wasteburner (**SSR-W**)
- Based on EBR-II, a tried and tested Sodium-Cooled Reactor in the USA.
- EBR-II demonstrated inherent safety, load following and waste recycling!
- **Status: In VDR2 with CNSC.**

Both reactors selected by NB Power to be build at the Point Lepreau site, New Brunswick

Figure 10 – Energy subsidies by category between 2008 and 2019



Source: ECA based on the *Study on energy subsidies and other government interventions in the EU*, October 2021.

Condições não são ideais...

Development Banks Must Embrace Nuclear Energy

Feb 28, 2023 | HÅVARD HALLAND and JESSICA LOVERING

Multilateral development banks' refusal to support nuclear power plants has enabled Russia and China to become the world's leading providers and funders of such projects. To accelerate the net-zero transition and reduce these countries' global influence, shareholder governments must reconsider their outdated stance.

PARIS/SANTA BARBARA – Multilateral development banks (MDBs) have historically been reluctant to invest in nuclear energy, and the World Bank has not financed a nuclear power plant since 1959. In the absence of MDB funds, the majority of international financing for

Recent advances in technology and the energy crisis have sparked new interest in nuclear power across Europe.

Mas o desejo está cá, e hoje!

Lawmakers reintroduce nuclear in EU's net-zero

By Paul Messad | EURACTIV France | translated by Anna Martino and Daniel Eck ⌚ Est. 5min

📅 Jul 20, 2023 (updated: 📅 Sep 27, 2023)

Europe: Denmark, Norway, Italy Reconsider Nuclear

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Poland insists on nuclear's role in green transition

Sweden / Government Planning To Build At Least 10 New Nuclear Reactors

By David Dalton
11 August 2023

Country needs 'all the power it can get' as demand set to double, minister says

