



Conferência "2023 Ano OE Energia e Clima | Equilíbrio Carbónico e Energias Limpas"

Ciência e inovação para a transição energética

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22nd June 2023

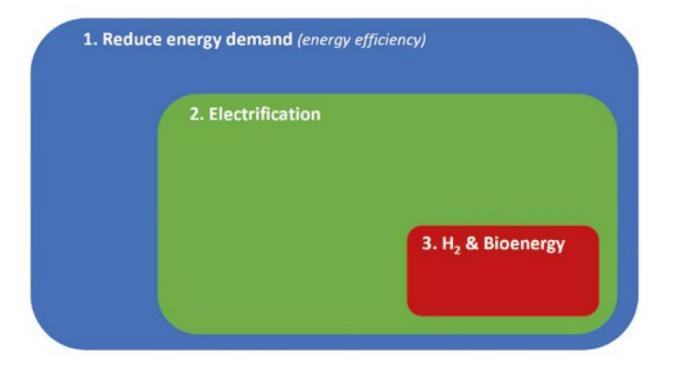




Global needs on energy to Net ZERO The EGD

The EU strategy on energy system integration (July 2020)

3 Approaches:





COP 26 | Science and technology role

Major focus and reliance on science and technology solutions towards deployment and development of renewable energy technologies

Glasgow Climate Pact

"Recognizes the importance of the best available science for effective climate action and policymaking"



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"The new Paradigm" What has changed?

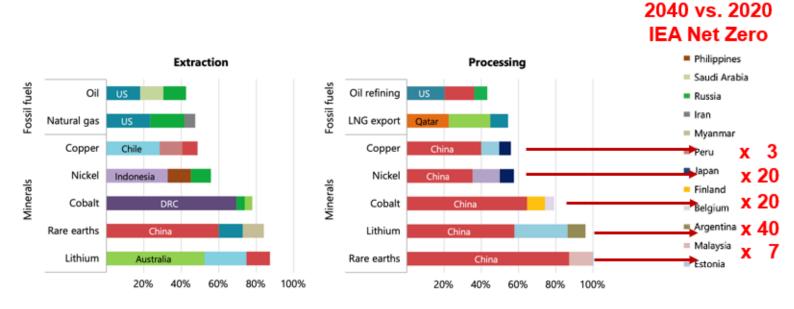






China control over "Critical Minerals

- Critical Minerals are much more concentrated geographically than fossil fuels
- Line China is controlling the production (processing) of most critical minerals; it has a quasi-monopoly on Rare Earths
- 98% of EU Rare Earth are imported from China
- The EU has just released the EU Critical Raw Material Act, a strategy to manage critical geopolitical dependencies



Source: IEA, critical minerals, 2021

Climate Warming

Wildfree (+ Add to Austr

Wildfire smoke makes New York air quality worst in the world

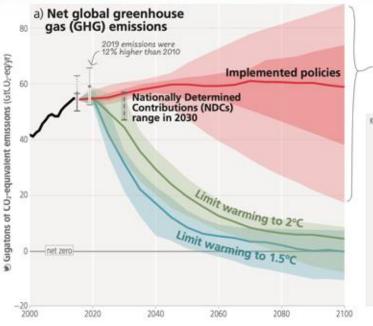
Plunes from burning Canadian forests move across North American cities. and force residents induces



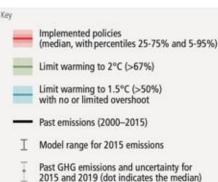
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AR6 Synthesis Report Climate Change 2023



Implemented policies result in projected emissions that lead to warming of 3.2°C, with a range of 2.2°C to 3.5°C (medium confidence)



Estimated remaining carbon budgets (gigatonnes CO₂) -O- Budget at 2020 To have a 50% chance of limiting global warming to 1.5C the amount of carbon that can be emitted has roughly halved in the past three years At 2023

Emissions need to reduce significantly to hit warming target

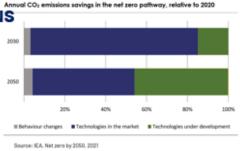


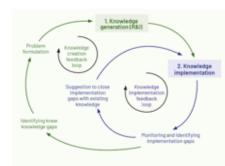
2020 budget from the Sorth Assessment Report Working Group 1 2023 budget includes an update of the anthropogenic historical ecorning, which is estimated for the 2015-2022 period. Source: Forster et al. 2023, Earth Syst.5c Date



What does it mean for Research?

1. Increased urgency/short term focus





2. New Transition Constraints

- > Strategic Autonomy: Transition pathways integrating sustainable/reliable supply chains (e.g., PV)
- > Climate Adaptation: Increased focus on adapting systems and infrastructures

3. Increased importance of SSH

- Demand Reduction as a key enable to Net Zero
- Citizen Engagement
 - New infrastructures
 - Reshoring of critical supply chains Reindustrialisation
 - Rebirth of mining

What does it mean for Research?

- Ensure adequate investment in diversified sources of new supply.
- Promote technological innovation at all points along the value chain.
- Scale up recycling.
- Enhance supply chain resilience and market transparency.
- Mainstream higher environmental, social and governance standards.
- Strengthen international collaboration between producers and consumers.



There is no one 'driving the bus' –not politicians – not billionaires.







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Thank you!



